**1. break** statement

* By using break, you can force immediate termination.

// Using break to exit a loop.

class BreakLoopExample {

public static void main(String args[]) {

for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {

if (i \* 10 == 50)

break; **// terminate loop if i is 5**

System.out.println("i: " + i);

}

System.out.println("Loop completed.");

}

}

The ouput of the program is:

i: 0

i: 1

i: 2

i: 3

i: 4

Loop completed.

### ****2. continue**** statement

class ContinueExample {

public static void main(String args[]) {

for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {

System.out.print(i + " ");

if (i % 2 == 0)

  continue;

System.out.println("");

}

}

}

O/P:

0 1

2 3

4 5

6 7

8 9